

General Assembly

## **Amendment**

January Session, 2015

LCO No. 8121



Offered by:

SEN. SLOSSBERG, 14<sup>th</sup> Dist. REP. FLEISCHMANN, 18<sup>th</sup> Dist.

To: Subst. Senate Bill No. 1053

File No. 714

Cal. No. 396

"AN ACT PROHIBITING OUT-OF-SCHOOL SUSPENSIONS AND EXPULSIONS FOR STUDENTS IN PRESCHOOL AND GRADES KINDERGARTEN TO TWO."

- Strike everything after the enacting clause and substitute the following in lieu thereof:
- "Section 1. Subsection (a) of section 10-233c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
- 5 1, 2015):

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- (a) Any local or regional board of education may authorize the administration of the schools under its direction to suspend from school privileges [any] a pupil whose conduct on school grounds or at a school sponsored activity is violative of a publicized policy of such board or is seriously disruptive of the educational process or endangers persons or property or whose conduct off school grounds is
- 11 endangers persons or property or whose conduct off school grounds is
- 12 violative of such policy and is seriously disruptive of the educational
- 13 process. In making a determination as to whether conduct is seriously

disruptive of the educational process, the administration may consider, but such consideration shall not be limited to: (1) Whether the incident occurred within close proximity of a school; (2) whether other students from the school were involved or whether there was any gang involvement; (3) whether the conduct involved violence, threats of violence or the unlawful use of a weapon, as defined in section 29-38, and whether any injuries occurred; and (4) whether the conduct involved the use of alcohol. Any such board may authorize the administration to suspend transportation services for [any] a pupil whose conduct while awaiting or receiving transportation to and from school endangers persons or property or is violative of a publicized policy of such board. Unless an emergency exists, no pupil shall be suspended without an informal hearing by the administration, at which such pupil shall be informed of the reasons for the disciplinary action and given an opportunity to explain the situation, provided nothing herein shall be construed to prevent a more formal hearing from being held if the circumstances surrounding the incident so require, and further provided no pupil shall be suspended more than ten times or a total of fifty days in one school year, whichever results in fewer days of exclusion, unless such pupil is granted a formal hearing pursuant to sections 4-176e to 4-180a, inclusive, and section 4-181a. If an emergency situation exists, such hearing shall be held as soon after the suspension as possible.

Sec. 2. Subsection (g) of section 10-233c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 39 1, 2015):

(g) On and after July 1, [2010,] <u>2015</u>, <u>all</u> suspensions pursuant to this section shall be in-school suspensions, [unless] <u>except a local or regional board of education may authorize the administration of schools under its direction to impose an out-of-school suspension on <u>any pupil in (1) grades three to twelve, inclusive, if</u>, during the hearing held pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, [(1)] (A) the administration determines that the pupil being suspended poses such</u>

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a danger to persons or property or such a disruption of the educational 47 48 process that the pupil shall be excluded from school during the period 49 of suspension, or [(2)] (B) the administration determines that an out-of-50 school suspension is appropriate for such pupil based on evidence of 51 [(A)] (i) previous disciplinary problems that have led to suspensions or 52 expulsion of such pupil, and [(B)] (ii) efforts by the administration to 53 address such disciplinary problems through means other than out-of-54 school suspension or expulsion, including positive behavioral support 55 strategies, or (2) grades preschool to two, inclusive, if during the 56 hearing held pursuant to subsection (a) of this section, the 57 administration determines that an out-of-school suspension is 58 appropriate for such pupil based on evidence that such pupil's conduct 59 on school grounds is of a violent or sexual nature that endangers 60 persons. An in-school suspension may be served in the school that the 61 pupil attends, or in any school building under the jurisdiction of the 62 local or regional board of education, as determined by such board. 63 Nothing in this section shall limit a person's duty as a mandated 64 reporter pursuant to section 17-101a to report suspected child abuse or 65 neglect.

Sec. 3. Subsection (a) of section 10-233d of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 48 1, 2015):

(a) (1) Any local or regional board of education, at a meeting at which three or more members of such board are present, or the impartial hearing board established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, may expel, subject to the provisions of this subsection, any pupil in grades three to twelve, inclusive, whose conduct on school grounds or at a school-sponsored activity is violative of a publicized policy of such board or is seriously disruptive of the educational process or endangers persons or property or whose conduct off school grounds is violative of such policy and is seriously disruptive of the educational process, provided a majority of the board members sitting in the expulsion hearing vote to expel and that at least three

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affirmative votes for expulsion are cast. In making a determination as to whether conduct is seriously disruptive of the educational process, the board of education or impartial hearing board may consider, but such consideration shall not be limited to: (A) Whether the incident occurred within close proximity of a school; (B) whether other students from the school were involved or whether there was any gang involvement; (C) whether the conduct involved violence, threats of violence or the unlawful use of a weapon, as defined in section 29-38, and whether any injuries occurred; and (D) whether the conduct involved the use of alcohol.

(2) Expulsion proceedings pursuant to this section, except as provided in subsection (i) of this section, shall be required for any pupil in grades kindergarten to twelve, inclusive, whenever there is reason to believe that any pupil (A) on school grounds or at a schoolsponsored activity, was in possession of a firearm, as defined in 18 USC 921, as amended from time to time, or deadly weapon, dangerous instrument or martial arts weapon, as defined in section 53a-3, (B) off school grounds, did possess such a firearm in violation of section 29-35 or did possess and use such a firearm, instrument or weapon in the commission of a crime under chapter 952, or (C) on or off school grounds, offered for sale or distribution a controlled substance, as defined in subdivision (9) of section 21a-240, whose manufacture, distribution, sale, prescription, dispensing, transporting or possessing with intent to sell or dispense, offering, or administering is subject to criminal penalties under sections 21a-277 and 21a-278. Such a pupil shall be expelled for one calendar year if the local or regional board of education or impartial hearing board finds that the pupil did so possess or so possess and use, as appropriate, such a firearm, instrument or weapon or did so offer for sale or distribution such a controlled substance, provided the board of education or the hearing board may modify the period of expulsion for a pupil on a [case by case] case-by-case basis, and as provided for in subdivision (2) of subsection (c) of this section.

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(3) Unless an emergency exists, no pupil shall be expelled without a formal hearing held pursuant to sections 4-176e to 4-180a, inclusive, and section 4-181a, provided whenever such pupil is a minor, the notice required by section 4-177 and section 4-180 shall also be given to the parents or guardian of the pupil. If an emergency exists, such hearing shall be held as soon after the expulsion as possible. The notice shall include information concerning legal services provided free of charge or at a reduced rate that are available locally and how to access such services.

- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2015*) (a) As used in this section, "preschool program provider" means a local or regional board of education, state or local charter school or interdistrict magnet school that offers a preschool program.
- (b) (1) No preschool program provider shall expel any child enrolled in such provider's preschool program, except an expulsion hearing shall be conducted, in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection, whenever there is reason to believe that any child enrolled in such preschool program was in possession of a firearm, as defined in 18 USC 921, as amended from time to time, on or off school grounds or at a preschool program-sponsored event. Such child shall be expelled for one calendar year if, at the expulsion hearing it is determined, that the child did so possess such a firearm. A preschool program provider may modify the period of expulsion for a child on a case-by-case basis.
- (2) An expulsion hearing required under this subsection shall be conducted by (A) the program provider in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision, (B) a local or regional board of education, in accordance with the provisions of section 10-233d of the general statutes, as amended by this act, if (i) the preschool program provider is a local or regional board of education, or (ii) the preschool program provider is a regional educational service center or a state or local charter school pursuant to an agreement between such preschool program provider and the board of education, or (C) an impartial

hearing board established by the preschool program provider, 146 147 provided (i) no employee of such preschool program provider shall be 148 a member of the impartial hearing board, and (ii) the hearing board 149 shall have the authority to conduct the expulsion hearing and render a 150 final decision in accordance with the provisions of sections 4-176e to 4-151 180a, inclusive, of the general statutes and section 4-181a of the general 152 statutes. Unless an emergency exists, no child shall be expelled under 153 this subsection without a formal hearing held pursuant to sections 4-154 176e to 4-180a, inclusive, of the general statutes and section 4-181a of 155 the general statutes, provided the notice required by section 4-177 of 156 the general statutes and section 4-180 of the general statutes shall also 157 be given to the parent or guardian of the child. If an emergency exists, 158 such hearing shall be held as soon after the expulsion as possible. The 159 notice shall include information concerning legal services provided 160 free of charge or at a reduced rate that are available locally and how to 161 access such services.

- (c) No preschool program provider may authorize a suspension of a child enrolled in such provider's preschool program, unless the suspension is an in-school suspension.
- Sec. 5. Subsection (a) of section 10-76v of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2015):
- (a) Early detection and prevention programs funded under the provisions of sections 10-76u to 10-76x, inclusive, <u>as amended by this act</u>, shall include (1) a component for systematic early detection and screening to identify children experiencing <u>behavioral</u>, <u>disciplinary or early school adjustment problems</u>, and (2) <u>services that address such problems for children so identified</u>.
- Sec. 6. Subsection (b) of section 10-76u of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2015):

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(b) The Commissioner of Education shall solicit grant applications from local and regional boards of education which shall be submitted annually to the commissioner at such time and on such forms as the commissioner prescribes. The commissioner shall issue not less than four grants by September fifteenth of each year. In determining if a board of education shall be granted funds pursuant to this section and sections 10-76v to 10-76x, inclusive, as amended by this act, the commissioner shall consider, but such consideration shall not be limited to, the following factors: (1) Availability in the school and community of professional, paraprofessional, and other program staff with background and experience in early intervention; (2) availability of space to accommodate the program in an elementary school building; (3) demonstration of strong support by administrative personnel, teaching staff, pupil personnel staff and local community mental health centers; [and] (4) reasonable evidence of future stability of the program and its personnel; and (5) the number of children enrolled in grades kindergarten to two, inclusive, in a school under the jurisdiction of such board of education experiencing behavioral, disciplinary or early school adjustment problems."

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	July 1, 2015	10-233c(a)
Sec. 2	July 1, 2015	10-233c(g)
Sec. 3	July 1, 2015	10-233d(a)
Sec. 4	July 1, 2015	New section
Sec. 5	July 1, 2015	10-76v(a)
Sec. 6	July 1, 2015	10-76u(b)

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